American College of Radiology ACR Appropriateness Criteria®

Epigastric Pain

Variant 1: Epigastric pain with clinical suspicion for acid reflux or esophagitis or gastritis or peptic ulcer or duodenal ulcer. Initial imaging.

	Appropri	iateness	go-							F	inal	Tabu	latio	ns		
Procedure	Categ	gory	SOE	Adults RRI	L Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fluoroscopy biphasic esophagram	Usua approp	ally oriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv		8	8	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	12	2
			References		Stud	y Quality			•		•					
			6 (23973101)			4										
			14 (16170017)			4										
			15 (6828761)			2										
			16 (6771981)			3										
Fluoroscopy upper GI series	Usua approp		Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	*** 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	8	8	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	8	4
	•		References		Stud	y Quality		•								
			17 (18096527)			4										
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	May approp	be oriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	6	6	0	1	0	0	6	10	2	1	0
			References		Stud	y Quality										
			12 (26562229)			4										
			8 (29571554)			4										
			9 (29190519)			3										
			11 (26598795)			3										
			7 (25117561)			4										
			10 (22277022)			4										

Fluoroscopy single contrast esophagram	May be appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv		6	6	1	0	0	0	3	7	8	1	0
		References		Study	Quality		•								
		12 (26562229)			4										
CT abdomen with IV contrast	May be appropriate (Disagreement)	Expert Opinion	��� 1-10 mSv	≎≎≎≎ 3- 10 mSv [ped]	5	5	0	0	2	5	6	4	3	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	May be appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	4	4	2	2	4	6	4	2	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality			•							
		12 (26562229)			4										
		8 (29571554)			4										
		9 (29190519)			3										
		11 (26598795)			3										
		7 (25117561)			4										
		10 (22277022)			4										
CT abdomen without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	3	3	2	3	6	5	3	1	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
CT abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Limited	���� 10-30 mSv		3	3	6	3	5	1	3	0	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
CT abdomen with IV contrast multiphase	Usually not appropriate	Limited	���� 10-30 mSv		3	3	3	5	2	3	4	0	0	0	1
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										

CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually n appropria	riate		���� 10-3 mSv		\$\$\$\$\$ 10-30 mSv [ped]	2	2	5	5	6	1	0	0	0	0	1
			References			Study	Quality										
			12 (26562229)				4										
			8 (29571554)				4										
			9 (29190519)				3										
			11 (26598795)				3										
			7 (25117561)				4										
			10 (22277022)				4										
MRI abdomen without IV contrast	Usually n appropria		Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	(O 0 mSv [ped]	2	2	6	5	3	2	0	1	1	0	0
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usually n appropria	not ate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	(O 0 mSv [ped]	2	2	5	5	4	1	1	0	1	0	1
MRI abdomen without IV contrast with MRCP	Usually n appropria		Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	(O 0 mSv [ped]	2	2	9	2	3	2	0	1	0	1	0
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast with MRCP	Usually n appropria		Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	(O 0 mSv [ped]	2	2	9	1	4	1	1	0	1	0	1
FDG-PET/CT skull base to mid- thigh	Usually n appropria		Limited	���� 10-3 mSv		0000 3- 10 mSv [ped]	1	1	14	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
			References			Study	Quality										
			13 (22919350)				3										

Variant 2: Epigastric pain with clinical suspicion for gastric cancer. Initial imaging.

	Appropriateness	COF	A L L DDI	n i nni	D	3.6.11			F	inal [Гаbu	latio	ns		
Procedure	Category	SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	Usually appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	8	8	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	9	3

		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
		8 (29571554)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
		7 (25117561)			4										
Fluoroscopy upper GI series	Usually appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	7	7	1	0	1	0	1	4	4	7	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		17 (18096527)			4										
CT abdomen with IV contrast	May be appropriate (Disagreement)	Expert Opinion	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	5	5	1	0	2	0	3	3	10	1	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
CT abdomen without IV contrast	May be appropriate	Limited	≎≎≎ 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	4	4	0	3	3	7	3	2	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	May be appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	4	4	2	0	3	5	5	2	0	0	1
		References		Study	Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
		8 (29571554)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
		7 (25117561)			4										
CT abdomen with IV contrast multiphase	May be appropriate	Limited	���� 10-30 mSv		4	4	2	0	5	4	5	0	1	0	1
i	11 1														

		12 (26562229)			4										
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Limited	���� 10-3 mSv	\$\$\$ \$\$\$ 30 10-30 mSv [ped]	3	3	2	5	4	1	4	0	1	0	1
		References		S	Study Quality										
		12 (26562229)			4										
		8 (29571554)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
		7 (25117561)			4										
CT abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Limited	���� 10-3 mSv	30	2	2	3	7	3	2	2	0	1	0	0
		References		S	Study Quality					•	•	•			,
		12 (26562229)			4										
		19 (26280126)			4										
Fluoroscopy single contrast esophagram	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv)	2	2	9	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fluoroscopy biphasic esophagram	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	&&& 1-10 mSv)	2	2	9	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	1
MRI abdomen without IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 ms [ped]		2	7	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 ms [ped]		2	5	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
MRI abdomen without IV contrast with MRCP	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 ms [ped]		2	7	4	3	0	2	1	1	0	0
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast with MRCP	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 ms [ped]		2	7	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
FDG-PET/CT skull base to mid- thigh	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	���� 10-3 mSv	30	v 2	2	8	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0

Variant 3: Epigastric pain with clinical suspicion for hiatal hernia. Initial imaging.

	Appropriateness	GOT		D 1 DD1	- ·	3.5 31			F	inal '	Гаbu	latio	ns		
Procedure	Category	SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fluoroscopy biphasic esophagram	Usually appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv		8	8	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	9	5
		References		Study	Quality										
		21 (29713739)			4										
		23 (29063954)			4										
		6 (23973101)			4										
		22 (19756887)			3										
		14 (16170017)			4										
		15 (6828761)			2										
		16 (6771981)		1	3		_								
Fluoroscopy upper GI series	Usually appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	11	3
		References		Study	Quality										
		6 (23973101)			4										
		14 (16170017)			4										
		17 (18096527)			4										
Fluoroscopy single contrast esophagram	Usually appropriate	Limited	≎≎≎ 1-10 mSv		7	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	13	4	1
		References		Study	Quality										
		14 (16170017)			4										
CT abdomen without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	3	3	7	1	3	5	1	1	0	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	3	3	7	2	2	3	2	1	0	0	1

CT abdomen with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	2	2	8	2	2	2	2	0	2	0	0
CT abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	���� 10-30 mSv	≎≎≎≎≎ 10-30 mSv [ped]	2	2	9	5	2	0	0	1	0	1	0
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	≎≎≎ 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	2	2	7	5	1	4	0	0	0	0	1
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	୫୫୫୫ 10-30 mSv	≎≎≎≎≎ 10-30 mSv [ped]	1	1	11	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
MRI abdomen without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	1	1	10	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	1
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	1	1	13	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
MRI abdomen without IV contrast with MRCP	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	1	1	11	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	2
MRI abdomen without and with IV contrast with MRCP	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	1	1	11	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	2
FDG-PET/CT skull base to mid-thigh	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	���� 10-30 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	1	1	14	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
CT abdomen with IV contrast multiphase	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	���� 10-30 mSv		1	1	11	2	3	0	0	0	1	0	1

Appendix Key

A more complete discussion of the items presented below can be found by accessing the supporting documents at the designated hyperlinks.

Appropriateness Category: The panel's recommendation for a procedure based on the assessment of the risks and benefits of performing the procedure for the specified clinical scenario.

SOE: Strength of Evidence. The assessment of the amount and quality of evidence found in the peer reviewed medical literature for an appropriateness recommendation.

- **References:** The citation number and PMID for the reference(s) associated with the recommendation.
- Study Quality: The assessment of the quality of an individual reference based on the number of study quality elements described in the reference.

RRL: Relative Radiation Level. A population based assessment of the amount of radiation a typical patient may be exposed to during the specified procedure.

Rating: The final rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Median: The median rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Final tabulations: A histogram showing the number of panel members who rated the procedure as noted in the column heading (ie, 1, 2, 3, etc.).

Additional supporting documents about the AC methodology and processes can be found at www.acr.org/ac.