## American College of Radiology ACR Appropriateness Criteria®

## **Acute Onset Flank Pain-Suspicion of Stone Disease (Urolithiasis)**

Variant 1: Acute onset flank pain. Suspicion of stone disease. No history or remote history of stone disease. Initial imaging.

	Appropriateness	COF	4.1.14 DD	, D 1 DD1	D (1	3.6.19			F	inal	Tabu	lation	ıs		
Procedure	Category	SOE	Adults RR	L Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually appropriate	Strong	<b>≎⊕</b> ⊕ 1-10 mSv	9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	14
		References		Study	Quality										
		16 (11110945)			1										
		15 (8571915)			2										
		23 (19890646)			4										
		24 (16600742)			4										
		3 (11756098)			3										
		22 (19457812)			2										
		18 (19251939)			3										
		19 (23374764)			3										
		21 (19230922)			3										
		17 (29625137)			2										
		20 (27533351)			3		_								
US kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	May be appropriate (Disagreement)	Expert Opinion	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	0	2	1	0	0	12	1	1	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		16 (11110945)			1										
		41 (26797359)			2										
		38 (11461855)			4										

			33 (11756713)			3										
			37 (12819916)			2										
			34 (17373690)			2										
			11 (28845492)			3										
			40 (28611874)			1										
			42 (27063853)			3										
			39 (27154825)			3										
			35 (27289025)			3										
			36 (27459091)			3										
			30 (28341578)			2										
US color Doppler kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	May approp (Disagre	oriate	Expert Opinion (		O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	5	3	3	1	0	4	1	0	0
Radiography abdomen and pelvis	May approp	be		��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	4	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Radiography intravenous urography	Usuall approp		Strong	��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	3	3	5	3	4	3	1	1	0	0	0
			References		Study	Quality										
			31 (12898174)			1										
			32 (9836541)			1				•						
MRI abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usuall approp		Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	3	2	7	4	0	1	0	0	0
			References		Study	Quality										
			25 (15900055)			3										
			26 (8911161)			2										
MRI abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp		Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	4	3	5	5	0	0	0	0	0
			References	Study	Quality											
			25 (15000055)			3										
			25 (15900055)			<u> </u>										

MRU without IV contrast	Usuall approp	Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	4	0	5	3	3	2	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		28 (23532422)			3										
		26 (8911161)			2										
MRU without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	5	1	3	2	4	2	0	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		28 (23532422)			3										
		27 (11133546)			2										
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	2	2	4	5	6	1	1	0	0	0	0
	•	References		Study	Quality										
		12 (24504541)			3										
		14 (27611106)			3										
		13 (30225609)			3										
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	���� 10-3 mSv	⊕⊕⊕⊕⊕ 0 10-30 mSv [ped]	2	2	4	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
CTU without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	���� 10-3 mSv	***	2	2	3	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0

Variant 2: Acute onset flank pain in patient with known current stone disease, diagnosed on recent imaging. Recurrent symptoms of stone disease. Follow-up imaging.

D 1	Appropriateness	COE	A L L DDI	D I DDI	D 4	3.7.11			F	inal '	Гаbu	latio	ns		
Procedure	Category	SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually appropriate	Strong	<b>≎≎≎</b> 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	9	9	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	10

		References		Study	Quality										
		16 (11110945)			1										
		15 (8571915)			2										
US kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	May be appropriate	Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	6	6	0	0	0	2	4	10	1	0	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		36 (27459091)			3										
US color Doppler kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	May be appropriate (Disagreement)	Expert Opinion	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	5	3	2	2	1	3	1	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	May be appropriate	Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	4	4	0	2	0	7	6	1	1	0	0
		References	Study	Quality											
		44 (25082439)		3											
		43 (29675722)		3											
		45 (31300208)			3		_			,					
Radiography abdomen and pelvis	May be appropriate		��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	4	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	���� 10-30 mSv	❤❤❤❤ 10-30 mSv [ped]	3	3	4	3	9	0	1	0	0	0	0
CTU without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	���� 10-30 mSv	❤❤❤❤ 10-30 mSv [ped]	3	3	1	1	7	5	2	0	1	0	0
MRI abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	5	1	6	4	0	1	0	0	0
MRI abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	5	2	7	2	1	0	0	0	0
MRU without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	4	1	4	5	2	1	0	0	0

MRU without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp		Limited	O 0 mSv	,	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	5	0	5	4	1	2	0	0	0
			References			Study	Quality										
			References 28 (23532422)				3										
Radiography intravenous urography	Usuall approp	•	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	0	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	2	2	5	5	3	3	0	1	0	0	0

## Variant 3: Pregnant patient. Acute onset flank pain. Suspicion of stone disease. Initial or follow-up imaging.

n 1	Appropri	ateness	COF	A L L DDI	D I DDI	D 41	3.7.11			F	inal '	Tabu	latio	ns		
Procedure	Categ		SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
US kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	Usua approp		Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	3	4
			References		Study	Quality										
			52 (15075842)			4										
			54 (23771120)			4										
		53 (20833847)				4										
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	May approp		Limited	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	6	6	0	0	1	3	2	8	3	0	0
			References		Study	/ Quality										
	,		47 (18042011)			4										
MRU without IV contrast	May approp		Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	1	1	1	0	9	4	0	1	0
			References		Study	Quality										
			49 (15126809)			3										
			50 (17954650)			4										
			48 (8544647)			2										
US color Doppler kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	May approp (Disagree	riate	Expert Opinion	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	4	2	2	0	1	1	3	4	0

MRI abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv		0 mSv ped]	2	2	5	6	3	0	1	1	1	0	0
Radiography abdomen and pelvis	Usuall approp		��� 1-1 mSv	0   3	⊕ 0.3- mSv ped]	2	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	��� 1-1 mSv	<sup>U</sup>   10	⊛⊛ 3- ) mSv ped]	1	1	11	1	2	0	1	2	0	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	���� 10- mSv	·30 1	0-30 nSv ped]	1	1	10	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
CTU without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	���⊕ 10- mSv	30 1	0-30 nSv ped]	1	1	11	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Radiography intravenous urography	Usuall approp	Limited	��� 1-1 mSv	0   3	⊕ 0.3- mSv ped]	1	1	11	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	0
		References			Study	Quality										
		51 (1433534)				4										
MRI abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv		0 mSv ped]	1	1	13	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
MRU without and with IV contrast	Usuall approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv		0 mSv ped]	1	1	12	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
													-			

Variant 4: Acute onset flank pain. Suspicion of stone disease. CT without contrast is inconclusive for the presence of stones. Next imaging study.

D 1	Appropriateness	COE	A L L DDI	D I DDI	D 4	3.6.11			F	inal '	Гаbи	latio	ns		
Procedure	Category	SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
CTU without and with IV contrast	May be appropriate	Expert Consensus	୫୫୫୫ 10-30 mSv	<b>≎≎≎≎≎</b> 10-30 mSv [ped]	6	6	0	0	0	1	5	9	2	0	0

CT abdomen and pelvis with IV contrast	May approp	Limited	<b>≎≎≎</b> 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	5	5	0	0	0	1	11	3	1	1	0
		References		Study	Quality										
		44 (25082439)			3										
		43 (29675722)			3										
		45 (31300208)			3										
MRU without and with IV contrast	May approp	Limited	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	5	5	1	3	4	0	7	1	0	0	1
		References		Study	Quality										
		28 (23532422)			3										
CT abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	ଡଡ଼େଡ 10-3 mSv	\$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$	3	3	5	2	9	0	0	0	1	0	0
Radiography intravenous urography	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	3	3	6	2	4	3	1	1	0	0	0
MRI abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	6	2	5	1	2	0	1	0	0
MRI abdomen and pelvis without and with IV contrast	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	6	1	6	0	3	0	0	1	0
MRU without IV contrast	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	4	1	5	3	3	0	1	0	0
US kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	1	1	11	1	2	1	0	0	0
US color Doppler kidneys and bladder retroperitoneal	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	O 0 mSv	O 0 mSv [ped]	3	3	6	2	3	6	0	0	0	0	0
CT abdomen and pelvis without IV contrast	Usually approp	Expert Consensus	��� 1-10 mSv	���� 3- 10 mSv [ped]	1	1	11	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	0
Radiography abdomen and pelvis	Usually approp		��� 1-10 mSv	��� 0.3- 3 mSv [ped]	1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## **Appendix Key**

A more complete discussion of the items presented below can be found by accessing the supporting documents at the designated hyperlinks.

**Appropriateness Category**: The panel's recommendation for a procedure based on the assessment of the risks and benefits of performing the procedure for the specified clinical scenario.

**SOE**: Strength of Evidence. The assessment of the amount and quality of evidence found in the peer reviewed medical literature for an appropriateness recommendation.

- **References:** The citation number and PMID for the reference(s) associated with the recommendation.
- Study Quality: The assessment of the quality of an individual reference based on the number of study quality elements described in the reference.

RRL: Relative Radiation Level. A population based assessment of the amount of radiation a typical patient may be exposed to during the specified procedure.

Rating: The final rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Median: The median rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Final tabulations: A histogram showing the number of panel members who rated the procedure as noted in the column heading (ie, 1, 2, 3, etc.).

Additional supporting documents about the AC methodology and processes can be found at www.acr.org/ac.