

FDG-PEM	Usually not appropriate		⊕⊕⊕⊕ 10-30 mSv		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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Variant 2: Pathologic nipple discharge. Male or female 40 years of age or older. Initial imaging examination.

Procedure	Appropriateness Category	SOE	Adults RRL	Peds RRL	Rating	Median	Final Tabulations								
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mammography diagnostic	Usually appropriate		⊕⊕ 0.1-1mSv		9	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Digital breast tomosynthesis diagnostic	Usually appropriate		⊕⊕ 0.1-1mSv		9	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
US breast	Usually appropriate		○ 0 mSv	○ 0 mSv [ped]	9	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ductography	Usually not appropriate		⊕⊕ 0.1-1mSv		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sestamibi MBI	Usually not appropriate		⊕⊕⊕ 1-10 mSv		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MRI breast without IV contrast	Usually not appropriate		○ 0 mSv	○ 0 mSv [ped]	1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MRI breast without and with IV contrast	Usually not appropriate		○ 0 mSv	○ 0 mSv [ped]	1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Image-guided fine needle aspiration breast	Usually not appropriate		Varies		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Image-guided core biopsy breast	Usually not appropriate		Varies		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FDG-PEM	Usually not appropriate		⊕⊕⊕⊕ 10-30 mSv		1	n/a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Variant 3: Pathologic nipple discharge. Male or female 30 to 39 years of age. Initial imaging examination.

Appendix Key

A more complete discussion of the items presented below can be found by accessing the supporting documents at the designated hyperlinks.

Appropriateness Category: The panel's recommendation for a procedure based on the assessment of the risks and benefits of performing the procedure for the specified clinical scenario.

SOE: Strength of Evidence. The assessment of the amount and quality of evidence found in the peer reviewed medical literature for an appropriateness recommendation.

- **References:** The citation number and PMID for the reference(s) associated with the recommendation.
- **Study Quality:** The assessment of the quality of an individual reference based on the number of study quality elements described in the reference.

RRL: Relative Radiation Level. A population based assessment of the amount of radiation a typical patient may be exposed to during the specified procedure.

Rating: The final rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Median: The median rating (1-9 scale) for the procedure as determined by the panel during rating rounds.

Final tabulations: A histogram showing the number of panel members who rated the procedure as noted in the column heading (ie, 1, 2, 3, etc.).

Additional supporting documents about the AC methodology and processes can be found at www.acr.org/ac.